CONGRESS-THE "ADJUSTMENT."

week, participating in the Democratic Convention and taking counsel with our friends, that we have really had no time to devote to the proceedings of Congress or to the news department of our paper. Our readers, (we have the best and most generous subscribers in the world,) will bear with us. We shall come "right side up" in our next.

Congress is still engaged upon the Slavery question. Three or four Speeches, on an average, are delivered per day, in the House; and in the Senate no short time since, the history of the Press was collafinal vote has been taken on the "Adjustment." The ted from its discovery in the 15th century, down to vote will probably be had this week. The friends of our Revolution. The Press of our own State, from the measure confidently count on its passage by three majority; but from what we can learn, we doubt its different Editors, were stated. success even in the Senate. A majority of the House, from present appearances, is decidedly against it.

On Friday last Mr. Baily, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, reported to the House for the Committee on Private Claims, of which he is to deride our institutions and agitate upon the Slavery question.

OUR EDITORIAL BRETHREN.

We had the pleasure of seeing at our late Convention our cotemporaries, Bayne of the Carolinian, Fulton of the Journal, and Robinson of the Patriot. They were "in good condition" and left in fine spirits and with high hopes. Whigism will suffer "some" at their hands before the first of August. We only regret that more of our Democratic Editorial brethren were not present. They would have gone home enthused-if we may make a word for the ernment, where every man may think what he pleasoccasion.

We also saw Mr. Loring, of the Commercial, in attendance on the Whig Convention; and made the acquaintance of Mr. Mayhew, of the Newbernian, and Mr. Edney of the Ashville Messenger. These gentlemen are too clever to be engaged in so bad a cause, but we fear they are "past surgery.' We shall stir up our venerable friend of the Commercial, before long, on the subject of Equal Suffrage. It is said he has recently procured a new and rather singular pair of spectacles, by which he has been enabled to detect a very material difference between Free and Equal Suffrage. We congratulate him on his good fortune. He needs "specs," and we are said to be the very thing for "a crisis." Gov. Manly will need the benefits of all the discoveries our reliable source of reference. friend may be able to make with them.

NASHVILLE CONVENTION.

This body adjourned on the 13th instant, to meet again six weeks after the adjournment of Congress. The Convention prepared an Address to the peoto the Pacific as the basis of a settlement of the Slavery question. The Committee reported unanimonsly in favor of this line. The address is said to be strong and able. The substance of it is thus summed up by a Correspondent of the Charleston Mercury:

"The events of the slavery agitation from 1834, are summed up in brief but intelligible terms, their tions of the South as she has been affected by them. argued and defined. The North is held responsible and the South is rebuked for her unwise and spirit-

and the South,—all the territory lying South of it to be open to African slavery, including the Southern two volumes. part of California, is recommended to the South for it is recommended as the last and utmost concession.

In the meantime the Convention declines, whilst Congress has the matter under consideration, recommending any practical mode of redress. But the Southern States are advised to send Delegates to an

The Delegates who spoke upon the subject in Convention, paid the warmest compliments to the citizens of Nashville for the kindness and hospitality extended to them. They were not "driven," as Mr. Stanly desired they should be " into the Cumberland River"; but were entertained and treated in the most hospitable manner.

SUPREME COURT.

This tribunal commenced its Summer Term in this City, on Monday the 10th instant. The following gentlemen have obtained license to practice law: County Courts. George Howard, Jr., Edgecombe; William A. Jenkins, of Warren; Thos. C. Albright, of Guilford; Benj. S. Guion, of Craven; J. Mallett DeBerniere, of Cumberland; Wm. Edward Hill, of Duplin; John H. Whitaker, of Halifax; Wm. Gaston Henderson, of Rockingham; William H. Rhodes, of

Joseph J. Davis, of Franklin; John W. Johnson, of 11. Deaf Mute, Raleigh, W. D. Cooke. Wake; Menalcus Lankford, of Franklin.

ly, in reply to the "Fair Play" article. If the Ban- 16. Greensboro Patriot, Greensboro, Swaim & Sherwood ner man "slewed" his Excellency before, he has 17. Halifax Republican, Halifax, C. N. Webb. quartered him this time! Upon the whole we guess 18.4 Hillshorough Recorder, Dennis Heartt. the Governor, so far as Rutherford County is concern- 19 Hillsborough Democrat, John N. Bunting.

Asheville News, (Whig,) 12th June. When the Register gets through puffing Gov. Man- 22. Lincoln Republican, Lincolnton, J. D. Newson. will put the above in his pipe and smoke it. We 26. North Carolinian, Fayetteville, Wm. H. Bayne. election.

WAR WITH PORTUGAL. A Correspondent, endorsed as "well informed," writing from Washington, says,
"Mr. Clay Charge des Affaires at Lisbon, is looked
32. Old North State, Elizabeth City, S. D. Poole.
33. Primitive Baptist, Raleigh, Burwell Temple.
34. Plymouth Times, Plymouth, Wm. Eborn. "Mr. Clay Charge des Affaires at Lisbon, is looked 34. Plymouth Times, Plymouth, Wm. Eborn. for in this country before a great while. So soon as 35. Raleigh Register, Raleigh, Seaton Gales. he arrives, the President will transmit a special mes- 36. Raleigh Star, Raleigh, Thomas J. Lemay and Sor sage to Congress, upon the Portuguese Dominions, 37 Raleigh Times, Raleigh, C. C. Robateau. that will smell considerably strong of gunpowder. 38. Religious Intelligencer, Wilmington, J. McDaniel. The difficulties that exist, grow out of the continued 39. Spirit of the Age, Raleigh, Alex. M. Gorman. refusal of the Portuguese Government to pay the in-demnities to American citizens, without pretending 41. Tarborough Free Press, Tarboro', Geo. Howard, Jr. to give an excuse for such injustice. Things have 42. Wilmington Chronicle, Wilmington, A. A. Brown. been brought now to such a crisis, that there is no 43. Wilmington Journal, Wilmington, Fulton & Price. alternative but payment or war."

his excellency Gov. Seabrook, has appointed the Hon. Robert W. Barnwell Senator to Congress, in place length to detail in this number the merits of each paof Colonel Elmore, deceased. Mr. Barnwell is now at Nashville, in attendance on the Southern Convention, as one of the Delegates from the State at large.

For the North Carolina Standard. We have been so closely engaged, during the past Sketches of the North Caroline Press

> " Messenger of grief, This folio of four pages, happy work! Which not e'en critics criticise, that holds inquisiti

What is it, but a map of busy life, Its fluctuations and its vast concerns?"

In the first number on this subject, published some its first introduction into the Province in 1749, by James Davis, and the names and characters of the highly finished and excellent discourse.

From that period to the present much information is collected, yet much is needed to make its history complete and satisfactory.

The ruling powers of England seemed, says Williamson, in his History of North Carolina, vol. 1, the usual Appropriation Bills. Mr. Daniel endeav- 165, to have regarded knowledge as a dangerous plant ored in vain, for the dozenth time, to get a hearing in the Provinces, else they would not have instructed Lord Effingham, the Governor of Virginia, "not to suffer the use of a Printing Press on any occasion Chairman. So it is. Business of all kinds in Con- whatever." It was a cause of gratitude, for which gress is neglected and passed over, by a sectional Sir William Berkfey gave thanks to Heaven, "that majority, in order that they may have range and scope there was not a Printing Office in any of the Southern Provinces."

Surely, if such subjects afforded his Lordship any cause of congratulation, the early history of our State must have filled his loyal heart with happiness. But, under the influence of free government, the Press, during the period which we are now considering, has attained in our Government position and ower hitherto unknown in the history of our race. Tymperly, in his Encyclopædia of Literary and Lypographical Anecdote, informs us that the United

States had in 1834, with a population of 13,000,000, more newspapers than all Europe with a population of 100,000,000! Such are consequences of Institutions and Laws that realize the idea of Locke's perfection of a Gov-

es and speak what he thinks.

At the commencement of the Revolution of 1776. the only newspapers in our State, were at Newbern. Wilmington, Halifax, Edenton, and Hillsborough. In 1812, there were newspapers printed at New-bern, Wilmington, Edenton, Tarborough, Murfreesborough, Fayetteville, Raleigh, and Warrenton. It is to be regretted that no files are extant of this period, or within the control of the writer of this

sketch, which show "the form and pressure of the times" or the characters of the Editors. We observe that the Legislature of Wisconsin, at a recent session, has ordered that the County Court Clerks of each County, shall subscribe in the name of the County, for a copy of each paper printed in the County for reference, to be bound up and pre-

It would be a worthy enactment of our General glad he has happened to so good and so remarkable Assembly; and further, to direct the State Librarian a pair. He ought to have them patented. They are to procure a copy of each paper printed in the State, to be preserved in like manner. Their value would increase with their years, and be a most useful and

The Constitution, made at Halifax, in 1776, was first that assembled under the Constitution, by James Indian to Nombre of North Property of North Prop printed, as well as the Acts of the Legislature, the Davis, at Newbern, in April, 1777.

James Davis was, as stated in a previous number of these Sketches, a Virginian by birth, and was appointed, under the Colonial Government, Post Maste ple of the South, and recommended the Missouri line at Newbern, by Benjamin Franklin, and also held the commission of a magistrate, from Gov. Tryon-the last but one, of the Royal Governors.

The Private Acts of the General Assembly, from 1715 to 1790, were printed at Newbern, by Francois X. Martin, in 1794. The life and character of Francois Xavier Martin,

is full of interest. The lesson it teaches is full of encouragement to the industrious, prudent and persevering. He was a significance explained, and the interests and posi- Frenchman by birth, as his name indicates, without fortune and friends, but by application and industry argued and defined. The North is held responsible rose to the highest ranks of society. In 1791, the for all the fatal results and promises of this agitation, Legislature afforded him aid in publishing the statutes of England in force and use in this State. In less submission to protracted wrong. The Compro- 1803 he was employed by the same to publish a remise scheme is taken to pieces, and after a thorough visal of the acts of the Proprietary, Royal and State examination of its parts, the whole is denounced as a Governments. In 1809, he was appointed by Mr. fraud and a scheme of poorly disguised encroach- Madison to a judicial office, first in Mississippi Territory, afterwards Orleans; and when the latter be-The Missouri Compromise Line of 36 deg. 30 min. came a State, Louisiana, he was appointed a Judge running to the Pacific, accompanied by a distinct re- of the Supreme Court of that State, in which office cognition of it as the partition line between the North he recently died, full of years, wealth and honor. In

Abraham Hodge, uncle of William Boylan, Esq. acceptance, if the North choses to propose it. But of Raleigh, was a cotemporary, and was early an extensive printer in the State. Of his life, character and death, the writer is not informed.

The name of Joseph Gales appears in Tymperly's Encyclopædia as the publisher of the Sheffield Register No. 1, in England, in June, 1787. He fled to adjourned meeting of the Convention after the rising of Congress—from the States and Districts that have and settled in Raleigh, where in 1799, he established failed to be represented at Nashville, to take into consideration the remedy which the circumstances may require."

the present Raleigh Register, now conducted by his grand-son, Seaton Gales, Esq. In 1801, the office of the Register, with all its appliances, was burned to the ground; but by the generous aid of friends with the enterprize of the Editor, it revived, and took an action part for the country, in its perilous contest with

England in the war of 1812. An accurate account of his typographical labours, by a faithful and familiar hand, would fill the period now alluded to, and is most desirable to the country. To those who have the material at hand, and more ability than the writer of this, this duty is confided. By many now alive, he is remembered with pleasure. His life was inoffensive and full of gentleness, and his talents and his virtues have left behind a characterworthy of regard and emulation.

The Newspapers now published in North Carolina, are as follows: Aurora, Wilmington, by Henry I. Toole.
 Albemarle Bulletin, Edenton, T. C. Manning, 3. Asheville Messenger, Asheville, J. M. Edney. 4. Buncombe Dollar News, Atkin and Sherwood. 5. Biblical Recorder, Raleigh, Thomas Meredith. 6. Common School Advocate, Guilford, N. Mendenhal 7. Carolina Watchman, Salisbury, Bruner and James. 8. Christian Sun, Pittsborough, Com. Chris. Church 9. Charlotte Journal, Charlotte, T. J. Holton. Superior Courts. Lorenzo D. Pender, Edgecombe; 10. Communicator, Fayetteville, William Potter.

12. Fayetteville Observer, Fayetteville, E. J. Hale. The Mountain Banner is again down on Gov. Man
13. Goldsborough Patriot, Goldsborough, W. Robinson.

14. Goldsboro' Telegraph, Goldsboro', W. F. S. Alston.

15. Granville Whig, Oxford, George Wortham.

20. Hornet's Nest, Charlotte, J. L. Badger. 214 Lincoln Courier, Lincolnton, Thomas J. Eccles. ly, and expatiating upon the unanimity which prevails in the Whig party for him, we hope the Editor 25. North Carolina Standard, Raleigh, W. W. Holden have "a few more of the same sort left," which we 27. North Carolina Herald, Asheborough, R. H. Brown. shall lay before the public between this and the 28. North Carolina Farmer, Raleigh, Thos. J. Lemay. 29. Newbernian, Newbern. Wm. H. Mayhew.

30. Newbern Republican, Newbern, Wm. B. Gulick.
31. North State Whig, Washington, H. Dimmock.
32. Old North State, Elizabeth City, S. D. Poole.

United States Senator. We understand that 45. Weldon Herald, Weldon, Jas. F. Simmons. It would extend this sketch far beyond its proper

tion, as one of the Delegates from the State at large. We are informed that a telegraphic dispatch has been forwarded to him, at that place, announcing his appointment. Mr. Barnwell is a gentleman of high character and distinguished talent. He was formerly a member of Congress, from this State, and for several years the able and popular President of the College of South Carolina.

Or each of the proprietors. The material has been another number, at an annual beginning and will be given in another number, at an annual product of the proprietors. The naterial has been procured, and will be given in another number, at an annual procured, and will be given in another number, at some future period. This shall be done fairly and justly—"nothing extennated or set down in malicu," at that place, announcing his appointment. Mr. Barnwell is a gentleman of high character and distinguished talent. He was formerly a member of Congress, from this State, and for several years the able and popular President of the College of South Carolina.

Or each of the proprietors. The new York City Police of S39 men, at an annual Attorney at New Orleans, acting under instructions from the Department of State, issued by direction of the President, caused General Lopez, commander of the President of State, and the President of the President of State, and the President of the President of State, and the

etteville, delivered a capital address before the two quent and feeling address to the Alumni Association,

The Valedictory sermon, delivered by the Rev. Dr. Hooper, was regarded by all who heard it, as a most The following was the order of exercises for Commencement day :

FORENOON. Sacred Music, by the Salem Band. PRAYER.

Oration. Latin Salutatory. Richard Hines, Jr. Raleigh. Oration. " Quo Difficilius Hoc Præclarius." Washington C. Kerr, Greensborough.

Oration. "Influence of Religion on Law." John Manning, Jr., Norfolk Virginia. Oration: "Infidelity." njamin R. Huske, Eayetteville.

Oration. " Vincat Utilitas."___ Edward C. Chambers, Montgomery co. 6. Oration. "The Co-operation of Christianity and Philosophy towards the Civilization of

William H. Johnston, Tarboro'. AFTERNOON. "Dismemberment of Poland." Richard Whitfield, Demopolis Ala. Oration. "Honor to Distinguished Dead-its

influence upon the character of a Nation." Julius A. Caldwell, Salisbury. Oration. "The early History of N. Carolina." Lawrence Smith, Scotland Neck. Oration. "Revolutions and Reforms of

Thomas Settle, Jr., Rockingham Co. Oration. "Reformation of the XVI Century." Henry Hardie, Raleigh. The reading of the Annual Report.

The Conferring of Degrees. 8. Oration. The Valedictory. John Hill, Wilmington. Sacred Music. 10. Benediction.

XIX Century."

The following young gentlemen received the degree of A. B. Joel Clifton Blake, G. F. Cain, Julius A. Caldwell. A. Holt Carrigan, E. Coke Chambers. . La Fayette Gorrel, Robertus A. Hairston, Henricus Hardie. Madison Hawkins, Johannes Hill, Ricardus Hines, Jr.,

Washington C. Kerr, Johannes Manning, Jr., Jacobus R. Mendenhall, Robetus H. Stanford, Thomas Settle, Jr., Josephus G. Small. Robertus L. Smith, Samuel Irwin Whitfield, Ricardus H. Whitfield. G. J. Whyte, Gulielmus H. Johnson.

Benjamin R. Huske. The Degree of Master of Arts was conferred in re-

James S. Amis, of Granville. W. Waightstill Avery, of Burke. Christopher C. Battle, Raleigh. William S. Bryan, Raleigh. Rev. Thomas F. Davis, Chapel Hill. Hon. James C. Dobbin, Fayetteville. George Hairston, Mississippi. William Hill, Wilmington. Elias C. Hines, Edenton. Pleasant A. Holt, M. D. Alamance. David S. Johnston, Yanceyville. John J. Kindred, Southampton, Va. Richard S. Mason, Charleston, S. C. Edward J. Mallett, New York. Thomas N. Mebane, M. D. Greensborough. John D. Myrick, Southampton, Va. Joseph J. W. Tucker, M. D. Raleigh. Robert W. Winborne, Tarborough. John T. Watson, M. D. Warrenton.

· For the North Carolina Standard.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE. Mr. EDITOR: The Examination Exercises of this Institute, which took place on the 6th and 7th instant, were such as to reflect much credit on the worthy Principal, Mr. D. S. Richardson, and his numerous

Mr. Richardson was assisted by Messrs. Ray, Rockwell, and others on the occasion. The Exercises show that the boys had been taught to think and understand, rather than merely to repeat, parrot-like, answers drilled into them for effect upon the audience. The Declamation and Dialogues were distinguished for their correctness and appropriateness. The gesticulation and pronunciation were particularly fine. I learn that the Dialogues were all learned and acted out of School hours. They were amusing, enchanting the audience to a late hour, and inculcated excellent morals.

The Address to the Pupils, by Maj. William J. Clarke, of Raleigh, was truly an admirable and eloquent production. It was delivered in excellent style, and has won new laurels for its author as a literary

The neighborhood of this flourishing Institute deserves great credit for its liberality, and its just appreciation of the advantages of good teaching. A new Academy is being erected, which will add materially to the School for the future.

The Ladies of Cedar Rock gave a Fair on the last day, which was handsomely gotten up. O. P. Q.

OUR CANDIDATES! The ticket of the Democratic party is before the people of Alamance and Orange. Our candidate for the Senate is well known to the people for his sterling integrity, his indomitable industry, and for his devotion to the principles of the Democratic party through all the sunlights and shadows of its prosperity and adversity. Cad. Jones, ir., scarcely needs comment; his heart and his ability are fully known and have always been appreciated by the overwhelming vote that he has ever received. Dr. Montgomery is recommended to the people by his unwavering honesty in the principles of his party, and by the practical ability as a statesman, which he has ever manifested. Like his distinguished and lamented father, he will always be found on the side of the people's honor and interest. Of Dr. Durham, it is almost needless to speak. He is a man of unquestioned talents, and a thorough-going Democrat. Mr. Patterson's worth as a private and public man is Hillsborough Democrat. also fully known.

Brownson vs. Channing. A late number of Brownson's Quarterly Review thus speaks of Channing: "Boston has suffered more from his pestiferous influence, than Athens ever did from that of Socrates. His everlasting preachments about the dignity of human nature have corrupted our literature as it has our morals, and if philanthrophy, which received such an impetus from him, continues to rage much longer in this Commonwealth, it will be necessary for every of Regeneration and Sanctification by the Holy County at the ensuing August election. Thankful for honest and peaceable man to emigrate from it. What with our moral reform societies, our anti-hangmen of them, and of his own lost condition, that very of the duties of the office as heretofore. societies, prisoners friends' societies, abolition societies, temperance societies, there will soon be no living with tears implored the Church for his conversion. here for a man who wishes to mind his own business, During the ministry of this clergyman the Church is 'becoming insufferable, and we are fast retrograding to the days of the old Colony sumptuary laws, which even our fathers could not bear."

enjoyed several revivals, but in none of them did Mr. Calhoun find relief, and yet he could not and would not abandon his orthodox sentiments.

enjoyed several revivals, but in none of them did Mr. Calhoun find relief, and yet he could not and would not abandon his orthodox sentiments.

ICEBERGS IN THE ATLANTIC. Intelligence has been received at Lloyd's, from Newfoundland, of an enormous field of ice, upwards of one hundred and fifty miles in length, floating in the Atlantic, about the parallel of latitude 46°. Several vessels were beset, and it is strongly feared that, as the ice lies in the direct track of vessels crossing the Atlantic, some serious disaster will be caused. This early drifting of ice from the Polar seas is considered extremely favorable to the expeditions in search of Sir John Franklin and his brave companions.

RE-ARREST OF GEN. LOPEZ. We learn from the Washington Republic that the United States District

CHAPEL HILL COMMENCEMENT.

The Commencement Exercises of our cherished State University took place on Thursday last—the 6th of June. We learn that there was a very large concourse of persons in attendance, and that every thing passed off in a very pleasant manner. On Tuesday evening the declaimers selected from the Freshman Class, acquitted themselves with credit. On Wednesday morning the Hon, James C. Dobbin, of Fav. morning the Hon. James C. Dobbin, of Fay- gether have not only stopped the growth of the Cot- on that occession, and the undersigned were appointed ton; but in many instances entirely killed it. This to advise you of it, and to request you to accept. Literary Societies, which was regarded as a most rich is the information we get from Greene county, through Permit us, Sir, to add our personal solicitations to and beautiful production. On the evening of the the Beacon of the 1st inst. The condition of the those of the Committee we represent, that you will same day Dr. Wright of Wilmington made an elo- crop there may be taken as a criterion in other sec- deliver the address. tions of our best Cotton lands. On the 29th and 30th after which the representatives from the Sophomore alt. we learn from the same source, heavy rains fell in that region, which while doing serious injury to the soil, especially the hill sides, no doubt washed off the lice. The prospects for anything like a fair crop are worse, in the opinion of many planters, than ever known in that section. Mobile Tribune, June 5.

> COTTON CROP OF GEORGIA. We regret to hear continued gloomy accounts of the growing crops. We heard an old planter say the other day, since he had niversary of American Independence, has been rebeen a man, he had never seen so bad a prospect for ceived. a cotton crop. We have lately had an opportunity of making personal observations. Ten days ago, we rode in private conveyance, 110 miles through the middle section of Georgia, to look at our own crop. We examined the plantations along the route, and made diligent inquiries; our own eyes, and the replies to our inquiries, brought us to the same conclusion. The cotton crop is a full month behind hand; the plant is not healthy, and instead of being half a leg high, as it should be, it hugs the ground, so that from the road adjoining cotton fields, we could not in many places see the plant, or tell whether any or what crop was growing in them; the stands are bad, many plants having died under the influence of cold nights and continued rains. This was ten days ago; a few days after, the weather became more favorable, and as we returned, we saw the happy effects of a few days of hot sun and warm night dews. But since our return, a week ago, the weather has again been wet and cold, and now accounts are showering in upon us from the country, of the most discouraging character. We have heard of planters who have planted corn between their cotton rows, not believing the cotton worth cultivating, and a few have ploughed up their cotton fields and put them in corn. The accounts from the West are even worse than

As it is too late to plant cotton, we hold it to be impossible that an average crop can be grown. Appearances indicate the shortest crop that was ever grown on the same number of acres cultivated. We have heard of a cotton bloom. It must have grown in a hot house, or from a last year's rattoon, favorably situated, and providentially preserved during the past mild winter. In our ride of 110 miles, we saw no field of cotton that can possibly bear blooms under three or four weeks to come.

Columbus Times, June 6. THE GROWING CROP-FLORIDA. We notice ex-

tended accounts of the growing cotton crop in the newspapers, and they are all quite as unpromising as last year. In Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, the complaint is cold rains. The plant is very backward, and has the "sore shin," and is, moreover, afflicted with lice and grass-hoppers. In Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, a large portion of the cotton lands has | 000. The annual profit is \$20,000,000. The yearly been innundated. So on the river lands of Alabama. produce of copper is 15,000 tons; of lead, 50,000 the most favorable circumstances, exceed that of last year. It is too early to arrive at positive conclusions, but it appears probable that the crop will again be short everywhere, except in Florida. Here the prospect is fair. There can be no question that cotton is of coal must be entirely cut off, "in a period not very a much more certain crop here, than in any other portion of the world. Rich, heavy lands may be very to operate on; and when that is exhausted, the writer important, but good seasons are more so; and here we looks to the United States for a prolongation of the

have them. Our crop here is endangered only by insects-for there is no climate in the world, probably, governed by laws more fixed and unvarying than the climate of Florida; and these laws are precisely adapted to the growth and saving of cotton. Occasional light showers from the middle of February to June; heavy rains in the month of June and early in July; light showers to September; dry, fair weather to January; heavy rains in January and early in February. This is the almost invariable experience in Florida; and when visited by extremes the porus character of our soil enables the cotton plant better to sustain them. Our land is neither a slough in wet weather, nor a sun-brick in dry. It will produce as much cotton as can be saved, and the season for saving it is unequalled-and in a business which depends so much upon seasons, it is surprising to us that planters suffer their eyes to be dazzled, and judgment blinded by the rich river bottom lands of Texas, Louisiana, and Mississippi, where an entire or partial failure is at least as common as a crop. We hold it to be demonstrable and demonstrated, that cotton is a more certain crop in Florida than in any other State of the Union; and, of course, that cotton growing is more profitable here than anywhere else:

Tallahassee Sentinel, June 4.

MR. CALHOUN'S RELIGIOUS VIEWS. We have often had a strong desire, (says the Charleston Courier,) and we trust, a not improper or unprofitable curiosi ty, to obtain an insight into the religious opinions and views of the illustrious Statesman and philosopher whose death our whole country mourns as a national affliction. His intellectual strength, his wonderul powers of reasoning and analysis, his almost intuitive perception of recondite truth, his moral elevation and purity of character, all combine to give an interest in his thoughts and convictions, as to the things which belong not to time, but to eternity, which attaches perhaps to those of no other man of his day and generation. We should like much to be enlightened in this matter, by full information from an authentic source; but, in the meantime, we lay before our readers, the following cheering evidence, taken from an exchange paper, that the great champion of the South was also a soldier of the Cross. "Religious views of Mr. Calhoun. From the report, says the N. Y. Observer, which those about him gave, of the last hours of this distinguished man, it has been inferred by many, perhaps by most, that he affected to die rather as a philosopher than as a Christian. A Southern gentleman, we regret that he does not give his name, assures the editor of the Puritan, that this impression is not justified by Mr. Calhoun's character. We certainly rejoice if this be so, and we take pleasure in quoting the following, from the letter above mentioned, in respect to his re-

ligious convictions: "In the Spring of 1841, I became acquainted with clergyman, who had been the settled pastor formerv of the church (Presbyterian I am very sure) in Mr. Calhoun's parish for more than 20 years. "He told me that Mr. Calhoun, soon after his set-

lement, requested the organization of a Bible class, of which he desired to become a member. The class was formed, and Mr. Calhoun never failed being present when at home and circumstances permitting He became, to use the words of his pastor, "the most devoted member and the most thorough and genuine advocate of the great fundamental doctrines of the Bible, as understood by orthodox Christians, he ever knew." He believed fully in the doctrines ten he came to the prayer and inquiry meetings, and

"In conversation with another clergyman, about people of Wake County, he pledges himself, if re-elected, two years ago, I was informed that Mr. Calhoun had, to discharge the duties of his office with renewed zeal and a few months before, found the ' pearl of great price.' for which he had so long and earnestly sought; that his mind was calm and at ease, with his Redeemer "That Mr. Calhoun was an honest and most upright man, of stern integrity and almost unexampled purity of private life-a true and undeviating patriot, devotedly attached to his country and her best inter ests and honor, no one can deny. That he was an evangelical Christian, and died supported by the Christian's hope, and with Christian philosophy, I have no doubt."

NEW YORK POLICE. The New York City Police

We remain, Dear Sir, Very respectfully yours,
P. E. HINES,
H. S. SMITH,
J. A. STUART, To Mr. L. B. Lemay.

RALEIGH, June 13th, 1850. GENTLEMEN: Your kind note of the 12th, requesting me to deliver an address on the approaching An-

A just regard to the wishes of my fellow-citizens. prevents me from yielding to the promptings of my feelings; and I shall cheerfully contribute to the Celebration of that National Jubilee, whatever of talent or time I may possess. Accept gentlemen, my most grateful acknowledge-

ments for this mark of esteem and partiality, and believe me your personal friend and obedient servant, L. B. LEMAY. To Messrs. P. E. Hines, H. S. Smith, and J. A.

Stuart, Committee. FIRST ISSUE OF NEWSPAPERS. When the reign of James the First was drawing to a close; when Ben Jonson was poet laureate, and the personal friends of Shakspeare were lamenting his recent death; when

Cromwell was trading as a brewer at Huntingdon; when Milton was a youth of sixteen, just trying his pen at Latin verse, and Hampden a quiet country gentleman in Buckinghamshire; London was first solicited to patronise its first newspaper. There is myriads of broad sheets of our time was published aker, Wake. in the metropolis in 1622, and that the most promonent of the ingenious speculators who offered the novelty to the world was one Nathaniel Butter. His companions in the work appear to have been Nicholas Bourne, Thomas Archer, Nathaniel Newberry, Wm. Sheffard, Bartholomew Downes, and Edward Allde. All these different names appear in the imprints of the early numbers of the first newspapers the New News. What appears to be the earliest sheet bears date the 23d of May, 1622, and has the names of Bourne and Archer on the title; but as we proceed in the examination of the subject, we find that Butter becomes the most conspicuous of the set. He seems to have been D. McPherson, Smithfield. the author and the writer, whilst the others were probably the publishers; and with varying title, and apparently with indiffierent success, his name is found connected with newspapers as late as 1640.

The last Edinburgh Review contains a very interesting article on the Mines of Great Britain. There are employed in the mining operations 183,000 persons, and in the metalic arts and manufactures 142, All the papers conclude that the crop cannot, under tons; of tin, 5,000 tons. The produce of iron is 2,200,000 tons. The produce of coal in 1846 was To be drawn at Alexandria, Va., on Saturday, the 37,754,750 tons. In 1837, the annual produce of the mines of Great Britain was valued at \$100,000,000. Since then it has greatly increased. But the supply remote." There are 12,000 square miles of coal yet production. In this country there are 135,000 square

We have given our testimony, in all frankness, to the advisers of the President, that he will inevitably forfeit Southern support by allowing his policy to be made use of to prevent the success of the Senate's plan. It is now our duty to declare the belief that such remonstrances from the Southern Whig press seem thus far to have had no effect whatever. The Free Soil Whigs in the Senate are making the President's scheme their platform; and we fear there are only two Northern Whig Senators who will have the firmness to vote for the Compromise, when the Cabi net policy is bidding for their support, and their constituents tell them they want nothing more. Richmond Times (Whig.)

THE GREAT TUNNEL on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, is one of the greatest works of civil engineering now going on in the world. It is a few miles from Morgantown, West Virginia, and is through a mountain a mile and a quarter wide.

HANGING TOGETHER AND SEPARATELY. 'We must be unanimous,' said Hancock, on the occasion of signing the Declaration of Independence; 'there must be no pulling different ways.' 'Yes,' answered Franklin, 'we must all hang together, or most assuredly we shall all hang separately.

MARRIED.

In Robeson county, on the 6th instant, by the Rev. Hector McLean, Mr. John A. Davis to Miss Mary B., daughter of Col. Neill Regan. In Duplin county, on the 28th ultimo, Mr. Thos. Hall

to Miss Mary B. McGowen. In Greensborough, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. John A. Gretter, Peter G. Evans, Esq. of Chatham, to Miss Ann Eliza, third daughter of Gov. Morehead. In Fayetteville, at St. John's Church, on Tuesday evening last, by Rev. Joseph C. Huske, Mr. Isaac B. Hawley, of the firm of S. T. Hawley & Son, to Miss Maria Louisa, daughter of Mr. Wm. H. Hardin. In Franklin county, at the residence of Allen C. Perry, Esq., on the evening of the 5th inst., by Prof. Wm. T. Brooks, of Wake Forest College, Mr. Samuel A. Cannady, of Granville county, to Miss Mary A. Perry daugh-

ter of A. C. Perry. At the residence of Col. W. H. Morning, in Johnston county, on the 5th instant, the Rev. David Trumbull, of Valparaiso, South America, and Miss Jane W. Fitch, of New Haven, Connecticut.

DIED.

In this County, on the first of June, Mrs. Lucy Ann Burt, wife of Paschal B. Burt, Esq. in the 27th year of her age. The deceased left an infant but nine months old, and numerous friends to mourn her loss. She was esteemed and beloved by all who knew her. She was a member of the Baptist Church, and died in full hope of a blissful immortality. At his residence in Edenton, in the 45th year of his

age, John H. Barclift, Editor of the Edenton Sentinel, lately published in that place.

WE are authorized to announce MR. WILLIAM H. HIGH as a Candidate for the office of Sheriff of Wake County at the ensuing election in August.

WE are authorized to announce Col. WILLIE POPE as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Wake June 4, 1850.

WE are authorized to announce CALVIN J. ROSERS, Esq., as a Candidate for re-election to the Sheriff-

application. Raleigh, May, 23rd, 1850. WE are requested to announce BALLARD MOORE, Esq., Democrat, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Northampton County at the ensuing election.

WE are requested to announce Major REUSEN FLEXING as an independent Candidate for the House of Commons from Wake County. June 12, 1850. Register and Times requested to copy.

March 18, 1850.

A Cook Wanted. MOR whom liberal wages will be given. Enquire the Register Office. June 17.

FEW barrels superfine family Flour. For sale by R. TUCKER & SON.

Arrivals at Lawrence's Hotel.

June 10 .- John Mitchell, James H. Foote, B. Brown, John W. Gay, Maj. W. D. Jones, John Ligon and K. P. Hill, Wake Forest; Peley Rogers, John P. Jones, J. M. Ferrell, Captain William H. Hood and Adolphus Jones, Wake; Jesse H. Lindsay, Greensborough; Saml. D. Schoolfield, Guilford; James Taylor, Dr. E. B. King and Dr. S. McLenahan, Pittsborough; L. P. Allen and Sister, Granville: Isaac Clegg, J. S. Clegg, J. N. Clegg, S. W. Cotton and Taylor Branch Chatham. S. W. Cotton and Turner Bynum, Chatham; A. R. Kelly and Dr. H. Turner, Moore; Dr. H. Kelly, Rowan; Ashley Sanders, Johnston; H. Toomer and Mrs. A. D. Toomer, Georgia; Richard J. Noble, Louisburg; Dr. Edward Lawrence, N. C.; John H. Whitaker, Halifax; Mr. Davis and Cannon Greene, Chapel Hill; Capt. Jas. Ferrell, Auburn; Edwin G. Speight, Greene; Gen. D. S. Crenshaw, Stanhope; James D. Powell, Bleak Hill.

JUNE 11.—John F. Spicer and two Daughters, John A.

Averitt, S. W. Humpbrey and Miss A. H. Ward, Onslow; G. J. Hinton, Wake Forest G. H. Fariboult.

Edenton; Maj. A. E. Banks, Dr. Hartsfield, J. M. Terrell, John M. Terrell, John P. Jones, C. Powell, Sion Rogers, Sr., Caswell Avera, H. F. Page, Major Fleming and John Ligon, Wake; Joseph T. Rivedes, Duplin; M. J. Faison, Sampson; R. D. Sanders, Johnston; A. Les, Caswell; Dr. J. W. Busbee, Auburn; Dr. Abner Holton, Major J. Thompson and A. J. Emerson, Pittsborough: P. Wolle and Lady, Litez, Pa.; Miss Emma Lineback, Salem; Rev. W. Frost, Washington, North Caroling.
JUNE 12.-J. L. Bryan, Moore; F. M. Jordan, W. M. Peacock, C. Peacock and P. Pemberton, Jas. Montgomery. William Robinson, Goldsborough; John L. Lee and George Jones, Lenoir; Dr. B. F. Whitaker and J. R. Mason, Halifax; R. S. McCullers and Lady and Miss E. R. Sanders, Johnston; Miss E. Sanders, Mississippi; Robert P. Dick and W. S. Hill, Greensborough; Henry Harris, Warren; Ballard Gibbs, Hyde; General Thomas J. Person, Northampton; S. E. Williams, Yanceyville; Thomas S. Poore, J. M. Lee and Wm. L. Foster, Milton; James Carney, Irvin Thigpen and James S. Battle, Edgecombe; Samuel Sellars and Z. A. Pattillo, Caswell; John C. Stone and Madison R. Herndon, Chatham ; Inc. V. Sherard, Wayne; H. W. Brooks, Forsythe. Juny 13 .- Benjamin D. Mann, Nach ; D. J. McAlis-

ter, Averasborough; Linn B. Sanders and John H. Keneday, Johnston; A. H. Dewar, Cumberland; Dr. R. J. now no reason to doubt that the puny ancestor of the Foosbee, Chatham; Isaac Rogers and Col. Willie Whit-

JUNE 14 .- Dr. Henry M. Jeter, DeSoto county, Mississippi ; James J. Ferrell, Auburn; Cullen A. Blackman, A. F. Hammond and N. D. Fennell, Wake Forest; Chas. Boyd, Milton; Sion Rogers, Sr. Wake; L. Simmone, C. J. Simmons and Francis Jordan, Montgomery; W. Dunn, Jr. Kinston; John Levink, C. L. White, J. N. Brown and M. L. Boot, Concord; W. L. Archidala and L. Vanderburg, Cabarrus—the last six for California. JUNE 15 .- J. B. Northam, Wayne; Wm. H. Cuning gim, Jr. Greene; L. D. Lancaster, Guilford. June 16 .- James H. Raiford and M. C. Oliver, John ston; O. C. Sasser and J. B. Northam and Lady, Wayne;

BRILLIANT LOTTERIES. FOR JUNE, 1850.

J. W. MAURY, & Co. Managers.

\$36,000. \$18,000. 20 Prizes of \$1,000! Dollars.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY. For the benefit of Monongalia Academy. Class No. 72, for 1850. 29th of June.

75 Number Lottery—13 Drawn Ballots! SPLENDID LOTTERY. 1 Prize of - - -1 do. - - - -10,000 do. - - -Prizes of 2,000 1.000

Tickets only \$10-Halves \$5-Quarters \$2 50 Certificates of Packages of 25 Wholes \$120 00 of 25 Halves of 25 Quarters

> J. & C. MAURY, Agents for J. W. MAURY, & Co., Managers, Alexandria, Virginia.

Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Pack-

iges in the above splendid Lotteries will receive themost

prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing

sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us

Raleigh Academy.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence July 8th. N. B. Every facility will be afforded to those who wish to prepare themselves, to teach Common J. M. LOVEJOY. June 10th, 1850.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.

Cedar Rock, Franklin County, North Carclina. THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 1st July, 1850. The Principal designs to call to his sid the best Assistants during the next session. Pupils are desired to

be punctual in their attendance at the opening of the Application may be made to the Principal, at Belford.

D. S. RICHARDSON. June 17, 1850. The Register and Biblical Recorder will please copy

MIDWAY ACADEMY.

THE Fall session will commence on the 2d day of July. The Institution is located about 8 miles South of Shocco Springs, in a very healthy, moral and intelli-gent community. Grateful for the liberal patronage herefore received, the subscriber feels determined to use all reasonable efforts to merit a continuance of public confi-

Tuition .- Classical and the higher English and Mathematical departments, per session, - - \$ 15 00 Common English branches, . Board with the Principal, per month, No extra charge. T. M. JONES, A. M. Prin.

Mr. & Mrs. Burwell's School. HILLSBOROUGH, N. C. THE Fall Session will commence on Wednesday the 17th of July. TERMS-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. Use of Piano,

French,

LAW SCHOOL, AT HILLSBOROUGH, NORTH CAROLINA. THE undersigned have formed an association with the view of opening a Law School in the town of Hillsharongh

Young gentlemen will be instructed in the various de partments of the Law, and care will be taken to prepare them for the practice in the several Courts in this State. The School will be opened for the admission of Stu-lents on Monday, the 20th instant.

J. L. BAILEY. F. NASH. Hillsborough, June, 12, 1850. 015-1m.

Ranger's Notice. TAS entered on the Ranger's Book of Chathan

VV County, on the 8th day of June, 1850, by Jatkeen Stone, living on the Road leading from Jones's Forry to Mount Willing, a small Bay Horse eight years ald this Spring. He has a large main—shod all round—no brands or marks; valued at Forty Dollars. JOSEPH HACKNEY, C.

June 13th, 1850.

MASONIC.

THE Anniversary of St. John the Baptist will be celebrated by Morning Star Lodge, No. 85, Nast rille, N. C., on the 24th inst. Bro. G. E. B. Singeltary will deliver a Public Address. Members of adjacent Lodges and the Freternit generally are invited to attend. JOHN W. BRYANT, Sery. Nashville, June 10th, 1850.